

DARWIN COLLEGE CAMBRIDGE

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

Body Corporate:

The Master and Fellows of Darwin College in the University of Cambridge

Address:

Silver Street, Cambridge CB3 9EU

Charity Registration Number: 1141105

Charity Trustees:

The College's Trustees for Financial Year 2014-15 as at 30 June 2015 were:

Professor C M R Fowler	Master	
Professor M K Jones	Vice-Master	
Dr L E A Howe	Dean	
Mr P J Brindle	Bursar	(to 1 December 2014)
Mr J T Dix	Bursar	(from 1 December 2014)
Professor A M Pitts		
Professor C M Bishop		(to 1 October 2014)
Dr A Narlikar		(to 1 October 2014)
Dr D Needham		(from 1 December 2014)
Professor D J C Mackay		(from 1 January 2015)

Principal Advisers:

Auditors: Peters, Elworthy & Moore Salisbury House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2LA

Property Managers:

Cheffins, Chartered Surveyors Clifton House 1 & 2 Clifton Road Cambridge CB1 7EA

Bankers:

Barclays Bank plc (Corporate Banking) PO Box 885 Mortlock House Histon, Cambridge CB4 9DE

Investment Fund Managers:

Cazenove Capital Management Ltd 12 Moorgate London EC2R 6DA

INTRODUCTION

The College

Darwin College was founded in 1964 as the first graduate college in the University of Cambridge. The College was created an Approved Foundation on 29 January 1965, and was incorporated by Royal Charter dated 9 June 1976 as a Body Politic and Corporate under the name and style of "The Master and Fellows of Darwin College in the University of Cambridge". The College is an educational charity. It enjoyed exemption from registration from its foundation until 2010 when changes in charity law required it to become registered with the Charity Commission, which it has been since 4 April 2011. The main College site is at Silver Street, Cambridge, CB3 9EU.

Aims and Objectives of the College

The College's principal object under its Charter is to advance education, learning and research in the University of Cambridge. It pursues this objective by:

- Promoting and fostering excellence in academic education and learning through providing a community of scholarship for its graduate students
- Creating and nurturing a vibrant and supportive research community for its fellows, graduate students, other members, and visitors.
- Maintaining and enhancing the endowment, benefactions, buildings, grounds, and facilities of the College for the continuing benefit of current and future generations of members.

The maintenance of the College's financial viability for the present and long term, and of its independence and autonomy within the collegiate university, are consistent with and necessary conditions for the fulfilment of its charitable purposes.

Public Benefit

The College provides, in conjunction with the University of Cambridge, an educational and support base for over 650 graduate students, and very occasionally undergraduate-status students in specific disciplines; the education is recognised internationally as being of the very highest standard. The teaching and research challenges and develops students academically, fosters leadership qualities and interpersonal skills, and prepares them to play full and effective roles in society, whether in the UK or in the 70-80 other countries from which the membership is currently drawn. Although only half a century old, the College already numbers Nobel prize winners amongst its Fellows and alumni, the most recent in 2009.

In particular the College provides:

- Physical and technical facilities supporting its students in their individual study regimes, as well as supporting teaching activities in the wider University, and for seminars and a public lecture series of international renown;
- Pastoral, administrative, and academic support for its students through the Deanery (tutorial), and mentoring systems provided by Fellows; and
- Social, cultural, sporting, musical and recreational facilities, enabling students to balance fully their academic and personal lives and potential whilst studying at the College.

The College advances research by:

• Providing currently over 50 research fellowships and post-doctoral positions to outstanding academics in the early stages of their careers; these appointments enable them to develop

and focus intensively on their major doctoral and early post-doctoral research work, in that crucially formative period prior to their taking on academic duties in a full-time teaching post;

- Supporting the work of all its Fellows by creating and promoting international and interdisciplinary contact both informally and in seminars and lectures;
- Fostering academic networking, and access to and involvement in cutting-edge research, particularly by providing facilities for outstanding academics from other universities in the UK and overseas to make extended stays as Visiting Fellows and Visiting Scholars; and,
- Offering access to invaluable resources for all members of the College, particularly in the provision and maintenance of a Study Centre and Library, and extensive IT facilities.

Members of, and academic visitors to, the College, both students and Fellows, are the prime beneficiaries. They are directly engaged in education, learning and research and the College's students are the recipients of such direct financial support as the College is able to provide to those of limited financial means. More widely, other beneficiaries include students and academic staff from other Cambridge colleges and the University of Cambridge. Academics from other higher-education institutions and returning alumni members of the College are given opportunities to undertake interdisciplinary research and establish contacts, attend educational events at the College, and make extended use of its academic facilities; in parallel, the wider public is encouraged to attend certain educational activities provided by the College such as lectures, seminars and concerts. These activities serve to reinforce and underpin life-long learning. A particular example is the Annual Darwin Lecture Series, now in its 30th year, which runs for eight weeks each Lent Term, and attracts audiences of many hundreds drawn from the general public as well as the student and academic community. Since 2007 most of the lectures have been made available online for a global audience, and cumulative downloads number approximately 882,000 to date.

In fulfilling its charitable purposes of advancing education, learning and research, the College draws on its senior officers such as Master, Vice-Master, Dean, and Bursar who receive stipends. These serve with other Fellows as charity trustees through being members of the College Council. Any employment and/or remuneration of the Master and Fellows is undertaken with the intention of furthering the College's aims and such employment directly contributes to the fulfilment of those aims. The private benefit accruing to the Master and Fellows through stipends and related benefits is objectively reasonable, measured against academic stipends generally; moreover annual pay increases normally follow national settlements applying to the university sector. Without the services of its Master and Fellows, the College could not fulfil its charitable aims as a College in the University of Cambridge.

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

Academic Results and Student Body Profile

College members graduating in 2014-15 achieved 92 PhDs and 161 Masters-level degrees (2014: 93 and 190 respectively) between them.

As at 1 December 2014 the student membership of the College comprised 490 full time postgraduate students, and 169 post-graduate students writing up or under exam (from whom the College receives no fees). 54% of students were fully funded as to their combined graduate fees, 3% were partially funded, and 43% were self-funding.

Financial Overview

The College's income comprises academic fees, charges for student accommodation and catering services, investment income, and individual and corporate donations and bequests. Its expenditure comprises the costs of education, of providing and maintaining student residences and catering, of investment and property management, and of development fundraising and alumni relations; and expenditure includes all staff costs and depreciation. The College made an operating surplus in the year to 30 June 2015 of £684,363 (2014: £472,795). After accounting for the transfer of unspent permanent endowment income, the net retained surplus for the year totalled £517,253 (2014: £337,236).

A notable feature in the year's figures is a substantial increase in catering income as the College's modernised catering operation continues to attract greater numbers of students into its competitively priced meals, thus enabling the fixed costs borne by the College to be spread over a wider base. Communal dining and the concomitant interdisciplinary academic exchange and discourse represent a core element of the College's mission. The decrease in education expenditure is attributable mainly to timing relating to research fellowship appointments and certain indirect education costs, rather than to any policy change. The College continues to support between 20 and 40 stipendiary and non-stipendiary research, post-doctoral and other visiting fellows and senior members, and additionally allotted some £123,170 in the year (2013: £105,700) to help provide direct professional counselling support for students and alleviate in the form of grants, awards and loans other specific individual financial hardship.

The net assets of the College stand at £48,953,259. The total permanent endowment rose by £979,143 from £21,233,522 to £22,212,665, which includes an increase in the market valuation of investments of £574,618, and a grant from the Colleges' Fund of £232,000. The permanent endowment comprises £6,485,337 of restricted funds for defined educational purposes and £15,727,328 of unrestricted funds or general corporate capital funds, the income from which is essential to fund the deficit which would otherwise arise on the College's academic activities and student services. The College's reserves have increased by £681,085 from £25,018,120 to £25,699,205. These are technically unrestricted, non-endowment funds and they include the College's cash reserves and some investment assets, but the great majority of such funds are fixed assets in the form of the College's operational land and buildings. The College's total reserves are reduced by pension liabilities of £1,067,738.

Benefactions and Donations

The College is most grateful for donations and bequests (including of royalties), accruing from Darwinians and others, and it is mainly based upon such generosity that the College is able to contemplate extending and enhancing its support for students and its physical estate. During the year, the major further part of the Ian Stevenson bequest was received (£632,027, shown in the balance sheet in deferred capital grants); the foreknowledge of this income enabled the College to purchase two Newnham Path properties in 2008 in satisfaction of the donor's wishes for the College to provide nearby visiting scholar accommodation. Further funds were received from Professor L Keller and Mr S Yakas into the student travel scholarship fund established by them last year.

The Darwin community responded most generously to a professionally conducted telephone fundraising campaign during the year, with high participation rates and cash donations received totalling £31,033. Pledges made and standing orders put in place will provide the College with a strong flow of funds over the coming years. The campaign focused on a selection of alumni and will be extended in future.

The donations received and pledges made can be viewed very favourably against the modest costs of the College's combined development fundraising and alumni relations operation of £121,113. These have increased substantially over the two years straddling the College's 50th Anniversary, and will continue to rise as the College supports a growing global alumni base and seeks to ensure its long term financial health by mobilising those who share its aims and aspirations.

Endowment and Investment Performance

The College's investments are managed in three categories: the College's unrestricted Corporate Capital, an amalgamated Trust Pool for the restricted funds, and a special fund with a strong property bias (for the investment of the £3m proceeds of the College's 2013 bond issue, pending the investment of the proceeds in College operational property in due course). The funds are managed on a capital and income basis.

The College's invested funds experienced a year of solid growth with equity and other markets influenced by greater political and economic uncertainty thus creating opportunities for actively managed funds. The Corporate Capital fund returned 5.5%, the Trust Pool, 5.6% and the special fund 8.8%, for the year in each case, net of fees. No withdrawal of invested capital was required or made in the year.

Dividend and income received on quoted securities increased year on year to £997,789 (2014: £774,209). All investment income received is applied in the pursuit of the charitable objects of the College.

In the first quarter of our 2015-16 financial year investment markets have shown increased volatility and have generally been in retreat. While the College's financial arrangements are robust enough to weather periodic downturns in the markets, major uncorrected falls and any sustained decline would pose a considerable challenge to the College in adapting to the loss of essential income.

The College is advised, via the Finance and Investments Committees, by its fund managers and independent external members co-opted to the Investments Committee. The College encourages socially responsible investment and seeks not to invest in companies that are in conflict with its charitable objectives, nor will it hold shares in tobacco companies.

Reserves policy

As the College intends to continue to pursue its objectives in perpetuity, it views its investments strategically over the long term. The principle aim is to protect and maintain the real value of its permanent corporate and trust capital, and to continue to increase its unrestricted funds and reserves as much as possible over that extended period, whilst seeking an equitable funding balance between the interests and aspirations of present members and those yet to come, and the retention of an ability to cope with sudden unforeseen financial upheavals and opportunities. Any new donations or bequests to the College are added to the unrestricted funds unless the donor has made it clear that the funds are to be used for a specific purpose.

Capital Expenditure

There were no major capital projects undertaken on the College main site during the year; funds were allocated and spent on non-capital refurbishment projects. The College purchased the freehold of 51 Newnham Road late in the year, to complement its existing student accommodation holdings of Nos. 45 and 49, and to consolidate its holdings of properties generally around Gwen Raverat House. Discussions continue between the partner Colleges involved in the Miller's Yard, Mill

Lane project, and the University for the bringing forward of graduate student accommodation as a major component of the redevelopment of the Mill Lane area.

Building Renewals and Maintenance

The College's buildings on its main site are mainly eighteenth and nineteenth century with modern additions, and adapted houses and purpose-built student hostels off-domus. The buildings are maintained according to a comprehensive long term rolling maintenance plan which seeks to ensure timely refurbishment, to a standard to minimise unplanned and costly remedial works, carried out within tight budget controls. No major renewal or maintenance works additional to those within the plan were undertaken during the year.

Pensions

The College has members of staff in two pension schemes: the Universities' Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Cambridge Colleges' Federated Pension Scheme (CCFPS). Full actuarial details are included at Note 25 to the Accounts.

The USS last underwent a full actuarial review in 2014, which is still subject to audit, and details of which are set out in Note 25a. Employer contributions remained at 16% during the year. It is expected that employer contributions will increase to 18% from 1 April 2016. The College had 3 active USS members at 30 June 2015, although many Fellows will be USS members though their employment by the University.

The latest actuarial review of the CCFPS was produced as at 30 June 2015. The College has an overall deficiency of £1,067,738 as at that date compared to a deficiency of £1,071,421 as at 30 June 2014. The slight improvement is due to better than expected investment returns and an experience gain attributable to lower pension increases than expected. Working in the opposite direction are the changes in the FRS17 assumptions, in particular significant lowering of the discount rate. There was no change in Employees' contributions of 5%. The College maintains a voluntary salary sacrifice scheme for those in the pension scheme.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

Major risks to which the College is or may be exposed from time to time are reviewed regularly by all College committees within their terms of reference, and reported to College Council and Governing Body. Systems are in place, or are then established, to remove or mitigate risks as they are identified.

Plans for the future

The College seeks to deploy its resources most effectively to support a student body which has grown substantially in the last two decades. The resilient Cambridge property market and finite supply of private rental housing in Cambridge makes it imperative that the College seeks to ease the financial burden on its members by housing more students in College accommodation for more of their period of study in Cambridge. Two large projects offer the prospect of achieving this. However both have hurdles yet to be jumped, particularly as regards planning approval where the local authority juggles the perceived tension between a shortage of affordable family housing for residents and the number of student accommodation schemes being advanced across the city. The first project is that on Mill Lane referred to above and the second is a collaborative scheme with St Edmunds College for a Darwin building on Mount Pleasant on a long term lease-to-purchase structure. 2015-16 will be a crucial year in determining whether the Mill Lane scheme reaches an agreement in principle among the participants and whether the Mount Pleasant project achieves

planning approval. The projects might provide c.150 student rooms in total. The Mill Lane scheme has the potential to be the largest capital project yet undertaken by the College.

On the College's main site the proposed John Bradfield Court is in the early planning stages. The death of Sir John Bradfield in late 2014 led to discussions with Trinity College for a memorial to Sir John in Darwin. Trinity has most generously agreed to support a project for the creation of a small new build multi-purpose facility, to be known as the John Bradfield Room, behind the Old Granary and overlooking the croquet lawn, and the proposals including the much needed refurbishment and conservation of the Old Granary itself. The Trinity gift is of £1m plus a further £0.5m provided the College raises a matching £0.5m, upon which the College is now embarking.

The fundraising required for the above projects will take place alongside the ever present need to secure endowment funds to continue to provide and enhance financial support for bursaries and hardship support for student members and for research fellowships.

GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance

The following statement is provided by the Trustees to enable readers of the financial statements to obtain a better understanding of the management of the College's resources and audit oversight.

The College is a registered charity (Registered Number 1141105) and subject to regulation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales. The College Council provides the trustees of the charity and they are responsible for ensuring compliance with charity law. The Trustees are advised in meeting those duties by a number of Committees, and internal and external professionally qualified advisers. Members of the College Council forming the Trustee Body during the year to 30 June 2015 are indicated at Page 1. The Principal Officers of the College are the Master, Vice-Master, Dean, and Bursar also identified on Page 1.

The Governing Body, comprising the Master and Fellows under Titles A, C, D, and E, holds at least six meetings a year, with the November meeting being the Annual Meeting.

The College Council comprises the Master, Vice-Master, Dean, and Bursar ex-officio, and four Fellows elected at Annual Meetings of the Governing Body. The current Student Association President attends ex-officio, and two further student members are elected directly by the student body each year. The College Council meets on a regular basis throughout the year and is responsible for the everyday administration of the College in all matters not allocated by Statute to the Governing Body or the Finance Committee. The College Council makes regular reports to each meeting of the Governing Body.

The Finance (and Investments) Committee, composed of the Master, Vice-Master, and Bursar exofficio, and three Fellows elected by the Governing Body to serve from the beginning of a given academic year, manages the College investments and, with a directly elected student representative, controls and administers the revenues and expenditures in accordance with College Statutes, Ordinances, and the Charities Act. When acting as the Investment Committee, the membership is reinforced by 2-3 external members, and the College's investment managers are in attendance.

It is the specified duty of the Finance Committee to keep under constant review the effectiveness of the College's internal systems of financial and other controls; to advise the Trustees on the appointment of external auditors; to give initial consideration to reports submitted by the auditors;

to monitor the implementation of recommendations made by the auditors; and to make periodic formal Reports to the Trustees and Governing Body.

Registers of Interests in a form prescribed by the College's Conflicts of Interest Policy are maintained for the Trustees, and Related Party forms are obtained from the Trustees and Heads of College Departments as part of the annual audit. The declaration of interests is a formal agenda item at the beginning of every College meeting.

Statement on Internal Control

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding public and other funds and assets for which the charity holds responsibility, in accordance with College Statutes and Ordinances, and the Charities Act 2006.

The systems of internal control are designed to identify the principal risks bearing on the achievement of aims, objectives and policies, to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks, and to ameliorate and control them efficiently, effectively and economically. The systems of internal control are structured realistically to identify and control most of the risks of failure to achieve aims, objectives and policies, rather than attempt to eliminate risk entirely; it therefore provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of effectiveness. These processes were in place for the year ended 30 June 2015 and throughout the period to the date of approval of the financial statements.

The Trustees are responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the systems of internal control. The Trustees' continual review of the effectiveness of the systems is informed by the work of the various Committees, the Bursar, and the College Officers who hold responsibility for the development and application of an internal control framework and for the investigation and resolution of any comments raised by the external auditors in their post audit and other reports.

General Responsibilities of the Trustees

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and having regard to United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The College Statutes and Ordinances, and those of the University of Cambridge, require the Governing Body to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and of the surplus or deficit of the College for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State that applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on a 'going-concern' basis, unless inappropriate to presume that the College would continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping accounting records which, at any time, disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the College and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the College and, hence, for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Trustees on 18 November 2015

T Dix

Bursar

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF DARWIN COLLEGE

Introduction

We have audited the financial statements of Darwin College for the year ended 30 June 2015 which comprise the income and expenditure account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the College's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with College's Statutes, the Statutes of the University of Cambridge and with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the College's Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and the College's Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of trustees and auditors

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 9, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view.

We have been appointed as auditors under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the trustees; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Trustees' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the College's affairs as at 30 June 2015 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge; and

• the contribution due from the College to the University has been correctly computed as advised in the provisional assessment by the University of Cambridge and in accordance with the provisions of Statute G, II, of the University of Cambridge.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Annual Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

typa Moore US

Peters Elworthy & Moore Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Salisbury House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2LA

Date: 2 December 2015.

Peters Elworthy & Moore is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

STATEMENT OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes of the College and of the University of Cambridge and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. In addition, the financial statements comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education (the SORP).

The income and expenditure account includes activity analysis in order to demonstrate that the College is satisfying its obligations to the University of Cambridge with regard to the use of public funds. The analysis required by the SORP is set out in Note 7.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified in respect of the treatment of investments and certain land and buildings.

Recognition of income

Academic fees

Academic fees are recognised in the period to which they relate and include all fees chargeable to students or their sponsors.

Restricted grant income

Grants received for restricted purposes are recognised as income to the extent that relevant expenditure has been incurred.

Donations and benefactions

Charitable donations are recognised on receipt or where there is certainty of future receipt and the value can be measured reliably. The accounting treatment of a donation depends on the nature and extent of restrictions specified by the donor. Donations with no substantial restrictions are recognised as income in the income and expenditure account. Donations which are to be retained for the future benefit of the College, and other donations with substantially restricted purposes, other than for the acquisition or construction of tangible fixed assets, are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses as new endowments.

Capital grants and donations

Grants and donations are received for the purposes of funding the acquisition and construction of tangible fixed assets. In the case of depreciable assets these are credited to deferred capital grants when the related capital expenditure is incurred and released to income over the estimated useful life of the respective assets in line with the depreciation policy. Grants and donations of, or for the acquisition of, freehold land or heritage assets, which are non-depreciable assets, are credited to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition.

Other income

Income is received from a range of activities including residences, catering conferences and other services rendered.

Endowment and investment income

All investment income is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned. Income from restricted endowments not expended in accordance with the restrictions of the endowment is transferred from the income and expenditure account to restricted endowments.

Tangible fixed assets

Land and buildings

Buildings are stated at depreciated replacement costs as at 1 July 2002 with subsequent additions at cost.

Freehold land is not capitalised.

Buildings are depreciated at 2% per annum.

Where buildings are acquired with the aid of specific bequests or donations they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related benefactions are credited to a deferred capital account and are released to the Income and Expenditure Account at the rate of 2% per annum.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Buildings under construction are valued at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs incurred. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

Where buildings are used for mixed operational and investment purposes and where such a building is separable into distinct parts for the different uses then each part is valued and accounted for separately according to its use.

Maintenance of premises

The cost of major refurbishment and maintenance which restores value is capitalised and depreciated at the rate of 2% per annum.

Furniture, fittings and equipment

Furniture, fittings and equipment in excess of £10,000 are capitalised and depreciated at the rate of 20% per annum.

Heritage assets

The College holds and conserves a number of collections, exhibits, artefacts and other assets of historical, artistic or scientific importance. In accordance with FRS 15 and FRS 30 (Heritage Assets) heritage assets acquired before 1 July 1999 have not been capitalised since reliable estimates of cost or value are not available on a cost-benefit basis. Acquisitions since 1 July 1999 have been capitalised at cost or, in the case of donated assets, at expert valuation on receipt. In line with the accounting policy in respect of equipment, the threshold for capitalising assets is £10,000. Heritage assets are not depreciated since their long economic life and high residual value mean that any depreciation would not be material.

Investments

Fixed asset investment and endowment assets are included in the balance sheet at market value, except for investments in mixed properties which are included in the balance sheet on the same basis as tangible fixed assets.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making provision for slow moving and obsolete items.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Taxation

The College is a registered charity (number 1141105) and also a charity within the meaning of Section 506 (1) of the Taxes Act 1988. Accordingly, the College is exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within the categories covered by Section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Contribution under Statute G, II

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute G, II of the University of Cambridge. Contribution is used to fund grants to colleges from the Colleges Fund. The College may from time to time be eligible for such grants. The liability for the year is as advised to the College by the University based on an assessable amount derived from the value of the College's assets as at the end of the previous financial year.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		2015	2014
Income	Note	£	£
Academic fees & charges	1	1,155,889	1,209,781
Residences & catering	2	1,849,905	1,632,912
Endowment Income	3	1,097,475	870,051
Donations	4	123,054	355,204
		4,226,323	4,067,948
Expenditure			
Education	5	1,421,104	1,566,502
Residences & catering	6	1,756,914	1,739,700
Other expenditure		363,942	288,951
		3,541,960	3,595,153
Operating surplus		684,363	472,795
(Deficit) for the year transferred to accumulated			
income within endowment funds		(167,110)	(135,559)
Surplus for the year retained within General Reserves		517,253	337,236

STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Restricted Funds £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total 2015 £	Total 2014 £
Retained surplus on income and expenditure account	L	۲ 517,253	۲ 517,253	۲ 337,236
Unspent endowment fund income	167,110		167,110	135,559
Increase in market value of investments	134,054	525,702	659,756	1,272,770
New endowments	5,415		5,415	10,086
Capital grant from colleges fund		232,000	232,000	250,000
Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension scheme		78,694	78,694	(271,624)
Total recognised gains for the period	306,579	1,353,649	1,660,228	1,734,027
Opening reserves and endowments	6,178,758	40,072,884	46,251,642	44,517,615
Total recognised gains for the period	306,579	1,353,649	1,660,228	1,734,027
Closing reserves and endowments	6,485,337	41,426,533	47,911,870	46,251.642

BALANCE SHEET FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

				2015	2014
			Note	£	£
Fixed Assets					
Tangible Assets			9	22,623,649	22,219,940
Investment Assets			10	7,338,193	7,143,329
				29,961,842	29,363,269
Endowment Assets			11	22,212,660	21,233,518
Current Assets					
Stock				40,673	39,637
Debtors			12	271,943	264,900
Cash			13	3,995,467	2,957,177
				4,308,083	3,261,714
Creditors			14	3,461,588	3,228,742
Net Current Assets/(Liabili	ties)			846,496	32,972
Creditors: more than one y	vear		15	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Total Assets Less Current L	iabilities			50,020,997	47,629,759
Net Assets excluding Pensi	on				
Liability				50,020,997	47,629,759
Pension Liability			16	(1,067,738)	(1,071,421)
Net Assets			-	48,953,259	46,558,338
	Note	Restricted funds	Unrestricted funds	2015 Total	2014 Total
Deferred capital grants	17	1,041,389		1,041,389	306,696
Endowments	18				
Expendable endowments					
Permanent endowments		6,485,337	15,727,328	22,212,665	21,233,522
Reserves	19				
General reserves excluding					
pension reserve			26,766,943	26,766,943	26,089,541
Pension reserve	25		(1,067,738)	(1,067,738)	(1,071,421)
r ension reserve	25			25,699,205	
Total general reserves			25,699,205	23,033,203	25,018,120
and endowments		6,485,337	41,426,533	47,911,870	46,251,642
Total Funds		7,526,726	41,426,533	48,953,259	46,558,338
		1,320,120	71,720,000	-0,000,200	+0,00,000

These accounts were approved by the Trustees on and are signed on their behalf by:

18 November 2015

Professor CM R Fowler, Master

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

		2015	2014
	Note	£	£
Net cash inflow	20	155,106	(107,337)
Returns	21	1,092,146	1,146,180
Capital expenditure	21	52,200	(4,219,023)
Net cash inflow/(outflow)		1,299,452	(3,180,180)
New loan			3,000,000
Increase in cash		1,299,452	(180,180)
New loan			(3,000,000)
Change in net funds		1,299,452	(3,180,180)
Net funds at beginning of year		1,494,466	4,674,646
Net funds at end of year		2,793,918	1,494,466

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1 Academic fees and charges

		2015 £	2014 £
	Colleges fees:		
	Fee income paid on behalf of undergraduates at the		
	regulated undergraduate rate	-	4,068
	Privately-funded undergraduate fee income (per capita fee £5,106)	25,530	47,082
	Fee income received at the Graduate fee rate (per capita	23,330	47,082
	fee £2,474)	1,122,783	1,151,822
	Other income	7,576	6,809
	Total	1,155,889	1,209,781
2	Income from Residences and Catering		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Accommodation College members	1,436,699	1,360,651
	Catering College members	413,206	272,261
	Total	1,849,905	1,632,912
3	Endowment and investment income		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Income from:	71 500	60,600
	Land and buildings Quoted securities	71,589 997,789	69,699 774,209
	Other interest receivable	28,097	26,143
	Total	1,097,475	870,051
	, otai	1,007,475	070,031
4	Donations		
		2015	2014
		£	£
	Unrestricted donations	83,485	253,898
	Restricted donations	32,500	94,268
	Released from deferred capital grants	7,069	7,038
	Total	123,054	355,204
F	Education expenditure		
5		2015	2014
		£	£
	Teaching	- 82,724	_ 95,137
	Tutorial	268,491	274,617
	Admissions	384,910	423,701
	Research	234,492	286,152
	Scholarships and awards	63,618	94,016
	Other educational facilities	386,869	392,879
	Total (Note 7)	1,421,104	1,566,502

6 Residences and Catering Expenditure

	2015	2014
	£	£
Accommodation College members	994,768	1,108,235
Catering College members	762,146	631,465
Total (Note 7)	1,756,914	1,739,700

7a Analysis of 2015 expenditure by activity

	Staff costs (note 8)	Other operating expenses	Depreciation	Total
	£	£	£	£
Education	666,523	571,438	183,143	1,421,104
Residences and catering	749,904	666,889	340,121	1,756,914
Other	105,251	258,691	-	363,942
Totals	1,521,678	1,497,018	523,264	3,541,960

Expenditure includes fundraising costs of £121,113. This expenditure includes the costs of alumni relations.

7b Analysis of 2014 expenditure by activity

Staff costs (note 8)	Other operating expenses	Depreciation	Total
£	£	£	£
621,275	762,086	183,141	1,566,502
737,760	661,817	340,123	1,739,700
97,462	191,489	-	288,951
1,456,497	1,615,392	523,264	3,595,153
	costs (note 8) £ 621,275 737,760 97,462	costs operating (note 8) expenses £ £ 621,275 762,086 737,760 661,817 97,462 191,489	costs operating expenses Depreciation f f f 621,275 762,086 183,141 737,760 661,817 340,123 97,462 191,489 -

Expenditure includes fundraising costs of £94,734. This expenditure includes the costs of alumni relations.

7c Auditors' remuneration

	2015 £	2014 £
Other operating expenses include:		
Audit fees payable to the College's external auditors	16,800	15,750

8 Staff costs

	College Fellows	Academics	Non- Academic	2015 Total	2014 Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Staff costs:					
Emoluments	224,438		1,013,913	1,238,351	1,205,913
Social security costs	19,741		68,321	88,062	87,292
Other pension costs	24,307		170,958	195,265	163,292
	268,486	-	1,253,192	1,521,678	1,456,497
Average staff numbers					
(full-time equivalents):					
Academic				-	-
Non-academic (full time					
equiv.)				48	47
Total				48	47

The Trustees comprises 8 Fellows, of which 4 are stipendiary officers of the College and received remuneration of £111,182. The Trustees receive no emoluments in their role as trustees of the Charity.

9 Fixed assets

9a Tangible fixed assets

Taligible lineu ass	ets				
	College Buildings and Site £	Assets Under Construction £	Fixtures, Fittings & Equipment f	2015 Total £	2014 Total £
Cost or	-	-	-	-	-
valuation					
At beginning of					
year	26,039,650	1,725,153	16,783	27,781,586	26,056,433
Additions at cost	787,880	139,093		926,973	1,725,153
At end of year	26,827,530	1,864,246	16,783	28,708,559	27,781,586
Depreciation					
At beginning of					
year	5,554,931	-	6,715	5,561,646	5,038,382
Charge for the					
year	519,907		3,357	523,264	523,264
At end of year	6,074,838	-	10,072	6,084,910	5,561,646
Net book value					
At end of year	20,752,692	1,864,246	6,711	22,623,649	22,219,940
At beginning of					
year	20,484,719	1,725,153	10,068	22,219,940	21,018,051

The insured value of freehold land and buildings as at 30 June 2015 was $\pm 26,424,930$ (2014: $\pm 26,146,202$).

9b Heritage assets

The College holds and conserves certain collections, artefacts and other assets of historical, artistic or scientific importance. Most of these are housed within the main College building and archive library, those items not on general display can be accessed by the wider public by prior arrangement. On occasion objects may be loaned to other institutions for public display. The College holds a number of artefacts on long-term loan from the Darwin Heirloom Trust. These objects are insured by the College and managed in agreement with the trust. the objects within College care are preserved, conserved and managed in accordance with recognised national standards. The College acquires heritage assets principally through donation but occasionally, when resources become available, through purchase. Subject to the approval of the Trustees, the College may dispose of objects held.

As stated in the statement of principal accounting policies, heritage assets acquired since 1 July 1999 are capitalised. Currently all of the assets held in the College's collections were acquired prior to this date. As reliable estimates of cost or valuation are not available for these on a cost-benefit basis, they have not been capitalised. As a result no heritage assets have been included in the balance sheet.

10 Investments

	2015	2014
	£	£
Balance at beginning of year	25,597,047	20,858,846
Additions	6,419,508	8,177,885
Disposals	(5,018,281)	(5,422,430)
Appreciation in market value	659,756	1,272,770
Transfer (to)/from Fixed Assets	-	-
Change in Cash Balance	(1,041,504)	709,976
Balance at end of year	26,616,526	25,597,047
Represented by:		
Property	1,781,598	1,781,598
Quoted securities	21,346,299	20,389,036
Hedge Funds	634,592	-
Fixed interest securities	1,559,701	1,505,794
Cash in hand at investment managers	497,512	1,537,287
Multi-Asset Funds	409,957	-
Other	10,000	10,000
Portfolio funds	376,867	373,331
	26,616,526	25,597,046
Allocated		
Fixed Asset Investments	7,338,193	7,143,329
Endowment Assets (Note 11)	19,278,333	18,453,717
	26,616,526	25,597,046

11 Endowment assets

	2015	2014
	£	£
Property	300,000	300,000
Quoted securities	15,499,704	14,737,305
Hedge Funds	634,592	-
Fixed interest securities	1,559,701	1,505,794
Cash in hand at investment managers	497,512	1,537,287
Multi-Asset Funds	409,957	-
Portfolio funds	376,867	373,331
	19,278,333	18,453,717
Loan to General Reserves	2,934,327	2,779,801
	22,212,660	21,233,518

12 Debtors

	2015 £	2014 £
Members of the College	43,405	34,763
Rents	2,472	2,472
Other debtors	226,066	227,665
	271,943	264,900

13 Cash and bank balances

	2015	2014
	£	£
Short-term money market investments	1,645,655	1,766,419
Bank and Building Society accounts	2,349,093	1,189,781
Cash in hand	719	977
	3,995,467	2,957,177

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Trade creditors	235,325	295,704
Members of the College	99,290	77,623
University fees	160,337	43,544
Other creditors	32,309	32,070
Loan from Endowment Funds	2,934,327	2,779,801
	3,461,588	3,228,742

15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2015	2014
	£	£
Private Placement	3,000,000	3,000,000

16 Pension liabilities

	2015	2014
	£	£
Balance at beginning of year	1,071,421	746,721
Movement in year:		
Current service cost including life assurance	177,912	148,387
Contributions	(108,584)	(101,131)
Other finance (income)/cost	5,683	5,820
Actuarial loss/(gain) recognised in statement of total		
recognised gains and losses	(78,694)	271,624
Balance at end of year	1,067,738	1,071,421

17 Deferred capital grants

Balance at beginning of year:	Donations £	2015 Total £	2014 Total £
Buildings Grants and donations received:	306,696	306,696	312,236
Buildings	741,762	741,762	1,498
Released to income and expenditure account: Buildings	(7,069)	(7,069)	(7,038)
Balances at end of year Buildings	1,041,389	1,041,389	306,696

Endowments						
	Unrestricted Permanent	Restricted Permanent	Total Permanent	Restricted Expendable	2015 Total	2014 Total
	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ	J J	£	£
Balance at beginning of year:						
Capital	15,054,764	3,604,968	18,659,732		18,659,732	17,609,889
Unspent income		2,573,790	2,573,790		2,573,790	2,243,114
New endowments received	232,000	5,415	237,415		237,415	260,086
Income receivable from endowment asset investments		284,599	284,599		284,599	311,050
Expenditure		(117,488)	(117,488)		(117,488)	(175,491)
Net transfer (to)/from income and expenditure account	1	167,111	167,111		167,111	135,559
Increase/(decrease) in market value of investments	440,564	134,054	574,618		574,618	984,874
Balance at end of year	15,727,328	6,485,337	22,212,665		22,212,665	21,233,522
Comprising: Capital	15,727,328	3,899,430	19,626,758		19,626,758	18,659,732
Unspent income		2,585,907	2,585,907		2,585,907	2,573,790
Balance at end of year	15,727,328	6,485,337	22,212,665		22,212,665	21,233,522
Representing						
Fellowship Funds		3,448,092	3,448,092		3,448,092	3,276,196
Scholarship Funds		1,728,991	1,728,991		1,728,991	1,642,970
Bursary Funds		912,918	912,918		912,918	877,999
Travel Grant Funds		203,636	203,636		203,636	196,656
Other Funds		191,700	191,700		191,700	184,937
General endowments	15,727,328		15,727,328		15,727,328	15,054,764
College total	15,727,328	6,485,337	22,212,665		22,212,665	21,233,522

18

19 Reserves

21

	General reserves £	2015 Total £	2014 Total £
Balance at beginning of year	25,018,120	25,018,120	24,664,612
Surplus retained for the year Actuarial (loss)/gain Increase/(decrease) in market value of	517,253 78,694	517,253 78,694	337,236 (271,624)
investments	85,138	85,138	287,896
Balance at end of year	25,699,205	25,699,205	25,018,120

20 Reconciliation of consolidated operating surplus to net cash inflow from operating activities 2015 2014

	2015	2014
	£	£
Surplus/(deficit) on continuing operations before donations		
of heritage assets	684,363	472,795
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	523,264	523,264
Surplus on disposal of tangible fixed assets		
Deferred capital grants released to income	(7,069)	(7,038)
Investment income	(1,220,529)	(1,225,255)
Interest payable	(128,383)	79,075
Pension costs less contributions payable	78,694	(271,624)
(Increase)/Decrease in stocks	(1,037)	(3,173)
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	(7,043)	(31,743)
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	232,846	356,362
Net cash inflow from operating activities	155,106	(107,337)
Cash flows		
cash nows	2015	2014
	2015	2014
	2015 £	2014 £
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	£	£
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received	£ 1,053,419	£ 1,089,696
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income	f 1,053,419 167,110	f 1,089,696 135,559
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383)	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance	f 1,053,419 167,110	f 1,089,696 135,559
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383)	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146 (926,976)	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180 (1,725,152)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants received	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants received Proceeds of disposal of tangible fixed assets	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146 (926,976)	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180 (1,725,152) 1,498
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants received Proceeds of disposal of tangible fixed assets Net purchase of long-term investments	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146 (926,976) 741,761	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180 (1,725,152) 1,498 - (2,755,455)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants received Proceeds of disposal of tangible fixed assets Net purchase of long-term investments New endowments received	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146 (926,976)	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180 (1,725,152) 1,498
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Endowment and investment income received Retained Endowment Income Interest paid Net cash inflow from returns on income and servicing of finance Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Donations for buildings and other deferred capital grants received Proceeds of disposal of tangible fixed assets Net purchase of long-term investments	f 1,053,419 167,110 (128,383) 1,092,146 (926,976) 741,761	f 1,089,696 135,559 (79,075) 1,146,180 (1,725,152) 1,498 - (2,755,455)

22 Analysis of cash and bank balances

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	At beginning of year	Cash flows	At end of year
	£	£	£
Bank overdrafts	(5,997)	(13,070)	(19,067)
Cash at bank and in hand	1,500,463	1,312,522	2,812,985
Net Funds	1,494,466	1,299,452	2,793,918

23 Related Party Transactions

Owing to the nature of the College's operations and the composition of its Trustees, it is possible that transactions will take place with organisations in which a Trustee has an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a Trustee may have an interest are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the College's normal procedures.

24 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability exists in relation to the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) valuation recovery plan, since the College is an employer of members within the scheme. The contingent liability relates to the amount generated by past service of current members and the associated proportion of the deficit. Given that the scheme is a multi-employer scheme and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities, the contingent liability is not recognised as a provision on the balance sheet. The associated receivable from the scheme in respect of the reimbursement of the College's expenditure is similarly not recognised.

25 Pensions

The College participates in two defined benefit schemes, the Universities' Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Cambridge Colleges' Federated Pensions Scheme (CCFPS). The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total pension cost for the 12 months to 30 June 2015 was £106,077 (2014: £101,131).

25a Universities' Superannuation Scheme

The College participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), a defined benefit scheme which is contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P). The assets of the scheme are held in a separate fund administered by the trustee, Universities Superannuation Scheme Limited. The College is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the pension scheme to fund the benefits payable to the College's employees. In 2015, the percentage was 16% (2014: 16%). The College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by FRS 17 "Retirement benefits", accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme.

The total cost charged to the profit and loss account is £29,418 (2014: £37,166). There was neither a prepayment nor an accrual at the end of the financial year in respect of these contributions. The disclosures below represent the position from the scheme's financial statements.

The latest available triennial actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 2014 ("the valuation date"), which was carried out using the projected unit method and is currently being audited by the scheme auditor. Based on this 2014 valuation it is expected that employer contributions will increase to 18% from 1 April 2016.

The 2014 valuation was the third valuation for USS under the scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £41.6 billion and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £46.9 billion indicating a shortfall of £5.3 billion. The assets therefore were sufficient to cover 89% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

FRS 17 liability numbers have been produced for the using the following assumptions:

Assumption	2015	2014
Discount rate	3.3%	4.5%
Pensionable salary growth	3.5% in the first year 4.0% thereafter	4.4%
Price inflation (CPI)	2.2%	2.6%

The main demographic assumption used relates to the mortality assumptions. Mortality in retirement is assumed to be in line with the Continuous Mortality Investigation's (CMI) S1NA tables as follows:

Male members' mortality	S1NA ["light"] YoB tables – No age rating
Female members' mortality	S1NA ["light"] YoB tables – rated down 1 year

Use of these mortality tables reasonably reflects the actual USS experience. To allow for further improvements in mortality rates the CMI 2009 projections with a 1.25% pa long term rate were also adopted for the 2014 FRS17 figures, for the March 2015 figures the long term rate has been increased to 1.5% and the CMI 2014 projections adopted, and the tables have been weighted by 98% for males and 99% for females. The current life expectancies on retirement at age 65 are:

Life expectancy on retirement	2015	2014
Males currently aged 65 (years)	24.2	23.7
Females currently aged 65 (years)	26.3	25.6
Males currently aged 45 (years)	26.2	25.5
Females currently aged 45 (years)	28.6	27.6
Existing benefits	2015	2014
Scheme assets	£49.0bn	£41.6bn
FRS 17 liabilities	£67.6bn	£55.5bn
FRS 17 deficit	£18.6bn	£13. 9bn
FRS 17 funding level	72%	75%

25b Cambridge Colleges' Federated Pension Scheme

The College is a member of a multi-employer defined benefits scheme, the Cambridge Colleges' Federated Pension Scheme. A full valuation was undertaken as at 31 March 2014 and updated to 30 June 2015 by a qualified independent Actuary. The principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date (expressed as weighted averages) were as follows:

	2015	2014
	% p.a.	% p.a.
Discount rate	3.7	4.2
Expected long-term rate of return on Scheme assets	3.7	6.2
Increase in salaries	2.75**	2.8*
Retail Prices Index (RPI) assumption	3.25	3.3
Consumer Prices Index (CPI) assumption	2.25	2.3
Pension increases (RPI linked)	3.25	3.3
Pension increases (capped RPI linked)	3.05	3.1

* 1.5% in 2014 to 2016; 2.8% thereafter

**1.5% in 2014 and 2016; 2.75% thereafter

The underlying mortality assumption is based upon the standard table known as S2 mortality tables for average normal pensioners projected in line with the CMI_2014 projection and a target long-term improvement rate of 1.0% p.a. (2014: same base table and an allowance for improvements using the CMI_2013 projection table with a long term improvement rate of 1.0% p.a.). This results in the following life expectancies:

- Male age 65 now has a life expectancy of 22.3 years (previously 22.3).
- Female age 65 now has a life expectancy of 24.4 years (previously 24.3).
- Male age 45 now and retiring in 20 years would have a life expectancy then of 23.6 years (previously 23.6).
- Female age 45 now and retiring in 20 years would have a life expectancy then of 25.9 years (previously 25.8).

Employee Benefit Obligations

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet as at 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures as at 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Present value of Scheme liabilities	(3,341,658)	(3,008,993)
Market value of Scheme assets	2,273,920	1,937,572
Surplus/(deficit) in the Scheme	(1,067,738)	(1,071,421)

The amounts to be recognised in profit and loss for the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows.

	2015	2014
	£	£
Current service cost	177,912	148,387
Interest on Scheme liabilities	129,456	118,623
Expected return on Scheme assets	(123,773)	(112,803)
Past service cost	-	-
Curtailment gain		
Total	183,595	154,207
Actual return on Scheme assets	266,087	112,820

Changes in the present value of the Scheme liabilities for the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Present value of Scheme liabilities at beginning of period	3,008,993	2,529,889
Service cost (including Employee contributions)	190,493	158,023
Interest cost	129,456	118,623
Past service cost	-	-
Curtailment gain	-	-
Actuarial losses/(gains)	63,620	271,641
Benefits paid	(50,904)	(69,183)
Present value of Scheme liabilities at end of period	3,341,658	3,008,993

Changes in the fair value of the Scheme assets for the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Market value of Scheme assets at beginning of period	1,937,572	1,783,168
Expected return	123,773	112,803
Actuarial gains/(losses)	142,314	17
Contributions paid by the College	108,584	101,131
Employee contributions	12,581	9,636
Benefits paid	(50,904)	(69,183)
Market value of Scheme assets at end of period	2,273,920	1,937,572

The expected contributions to be paid by the College for the forthcoming year are;

• From 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016 16.45% of Contribution Pay for non salary sacrifice members (21.45% of Contribution Pay for salary sacrifice members);

 \cdot From 1 April 2016 to 30 June 2016 17.57% of Contribution Pay for non salary sacrifice members (22.57% of Contribution pay for salary sacrifice members),

Plus Recovery Plan payments of £23,772; plus £12,273 to cover expenses,

The above rates exclude PHI and are subject to review at future actuarial valuations.

The major categories of Scheme assets as a percentage of total Scheme assets at 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures at 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
Equities & Hedge Funds	69%	70%
Bonds & Cash	25%	23%
Properties	6%	7%
Total	100%	100%

The expected long-term rate of return on the Scheme assets has been set in line with the discount rate of 3.7%.

Analysis of amount recognisable in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL) for the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £
Actual return less expected return on Scheme assets Experience gains and losses arising on Scheme	142,314	17
liabilities Changes in assumptions underlying the present value	46,400	(75,853)
of Scheme liabilities Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in STRGL	(110,020) 78,694	(195,788) (271,624)

Cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in STRGL for the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Cumulative actuarial gain/(loss) at beginning of period	(816,565)	(544,941)
Recognised during the period	78,694	(271,624)
Cumulative actuarial gain/(loss) at end of period	(737,871)	(816,565)

Movement in surplus/(deficit) during the year ending 30 June 2015 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014) are as follows:

	2015	2014
	£	£
Surplus/(deficit) in Scheme at beginning of year	(1,071,421)	(746,721)
Service Cost (Employer Only)	(177,912)	(148,387)
Contributions paid by the College	108,584	101,131
Finance Cost	(5,683)	(5,820)
Actuarial gain/(loss)	78,694	(271,624)
Surplus/(deficit) in Scheme at the end of the year	(1,067,738)	(1,071,421)

Amounts for the current and previous four accounting periods are as follows:

	2015 £	2014 £	2013 £	2012 £	2011 £
Present value of					
Scheme liabilities	(3,341,658)	(3,008,993)	(2,529,889)	(2,101,308)	(1,877,253)
Market value of Scheme					
assets	2,273,920	1,937,572	1,783,168	1,579,778	1,722,672
Surplus/(deficit) in the	(4.067.700)		(746 794)	(534 530)	(454504)
Scheme	(1,067,738)	(1,071,421)	(746,721)	(521,530)	(154,581)
Actual return less expected return on					
Scheme assets	142,314	17	100,676	(306,325)	50,266
Experience gain/(loss)	172,317	17	100,070	(300,323)	50,200
arising on Scheme					
liabilities	46,400	(75,853)	(12,713)	(25,721)	26,011
Change in assumptions					
underlying present					
value of Scheme					
liabilities	(110,020)	(195,788)	(289,823)	(41,942)	122,116